

# CGI Political History

## **Units 1 & 2: The Constitution, The New Republic, and the Federalist Era (1790s)**

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Chapter 9, pp. 166-187  
Chapter 10, pp.189-208

### Identifications (AP 1 – 34, Honors 1 – 17)

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|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. 3/5 <sup>th</sup> Compromise       | 18. Cabinet                     |
| 2. Alien and Sedition Acts            | 19. Census                      |
| 3. Anti-Federalists                   | 20. Citizen Genet               |
| 4. Bill of Rights                     | 21. Compact Theory              |
| 5. Connecticut Compromise             | 22. Convention of 1800          |
| 6. Democratic-Republicans             | 23. Election of 1800            |
| 7. Federalist Papers                  | 24. Henry Knox                  |
| 8. Federalists                        | 25. Implied powers              |
| 9. James Madison                      | 26. Jay's Treaty                |
| 10. John Adams                        | 27. John Randolph and the Quids |
| 11. John Jay                          | 28. Judiciary Act of 1789       |
| 12. Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions | 29. Loose Construction          |
| 13. New Jersey Plan                   | 30. Neutrality Proclamation     |
| 14. Nullification                     | 31. Pinckney's Treaty           |
| 15. Thomas Jefferson                  | 32. Strict Construction         |
| 16. Virginia Plan                     | 33. Treaty of Greenville        |
| 17. XYZ Affair                        | 34. Whiskey Rebellion           |

### Questions

1. Explain the effect of Enlightenment thinkers on American Political thought.
2. Describe the major compromises of the constitutional convention dealing with representation, slavery, and the election of the president.
3. Compare and contrast the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation, and the Constitution.
4. Analyze the political differences between Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton.
5. Explain the differences between the Democratic-Republicans and the Federalists.
6. Identify the different perspectives on the role of government at this time.

## **Units 3 & 4: Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Democracy (1800-1840)**

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Chapter 11, pp. 210-230

Chapter 13, pp. 256-272

Chapter 14, pp. 274-294

Chapter 19, pp. 406 (From Twilight of the Senatorial Giants)-419

### Identifications (AP 1 – 34, Honors 1 – 17)

1. Daniel Webster
2. *Dartmouth College v. Woodward*
3. *Fletcher v. Peck*
4. *Gibbons v. Ogden*
5. Henry Clay
6. James Madison
7. James Monroe John Marshall
8. John Quincy Adams
9. Judicial Review
10. *Marbury v. Madison*
11. *McCulloch v. Maryland*
12. Midnight judges
13. National-Republicans
14. Samuel Chase
15. Spoils System
16. Transcendentalism
17. Whigs
18. Albert Gallatin
19. Brigham Young
20. Burr Conspiracy
21. Hartford Convention
22. Henry David Thoreau
23. Herman Melville
24. Horace Mann
25. Impeachment
26. James Fenimore Cooper
27. John Calhoun
28. Judiciary Act of 1801
29. Know-Nothing Party
30. Patronage
31. Trail of Tears
32. Walt Whitman
33. William Marbury
34. Yazoo Land Compromise

### Questions

1. Trace the death and decline of the Federalist Party.
2. Explain the significance of the Era of Good Feelings.
3. Explain the importance of John Marshall and his Court decisions.
4. Define Jacksonian Democracy and explain its development.
5. Assess the consequences of the split between Jackson and Calhoun.
6. Cite how Clay, Calhoun and Webster reflected the interests of their sections.

## **Unit 5: Reconstruction (1840-1877)**

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Chapter 23. pp. 487-506

### Identifications (AP 1 – 22, Honors 1 – 11)

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|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. 13 <sup>th</sup> Amendment | 12. Rutherford B. Hayes           |
| 2. 14 <sup>th</sup> Amendment | 13. Ulysses S. Grant              |
| 3. 15 <sup>th</sup> Amendment | 14. Abolition                     |
| 4. Black codes                | 15. Abraham Lincoln               |
| 5. Carpetbaggers              | 16. American Colonization Society |
| 6. Civil Rights Act of 1866   | 17. Election of 1876              |
| 7. Free Soil Party            | 18. Freeport Doctrine             |
| 8. Freedmen's Bureau          | 19. Ku Klux Klan                  |
| 9. Hayes / Tilden Compromise  | 20. Sharecropping                 |
| 10. Radical Republicans       | 21. Slave system                  |
| 11. "Waving the Bloody Shirt" | 22. Tenant farmers                |

### Questions

1. Trace the breakdown of both the Whig and Democratic parties in the 1850's and the rise of the third party system.
2. Discuss the role of The Supreme Court during the Civil War and Reconstruction.
3. Assess the accomplishments and failures of Reconstruction.
4. Analyze the growing control of the federal government over the states.
5. Discuss the tensions between Congressional Republicans and President Johnson.

## **Unit 6: The Gilded Age (1877-1900)**

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Ch. 24, pp. 512-535

Ch. 26, pp. 565-596

### Identifications (AP 1 – 24, Honors 1 – 12)

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|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Boss Tweed               | 13. Greenback Party           |
| 2. Chester A. Arthur        | 14. Gilded Age                |
| 3. Grover Cleveland         | 15. Horatio Alger             |
| 4. Half-Breeds              | 16. Jim Crow Laws             |
| 5. James Garfield           | 17. Merit System              |
| 6. Mugwumps                 | 18. Munn v. Illinois          |
| 7. Political Machine        | 19. New Immigration           |
| 8. Rutherford B. Hayes      | 20. <i>Plessy v. Ferguson</i> |
| 9. Spoils System            | 21. Social Darwinism          |
| 10. Stalwarts               | 22. Social Gospel             |
| 11. Ulysses S. Grant        | 23. The Election of 1884      |
| 12. William Jennings Bryant | 24. The Grange                |

### Questions

1. Identify the characteristics of third party politics in the late 1800s.
2. Evaluate the importance of the Populists as a third party.
3. Discuss the role of political machines in the cities.
4. Compare political administrations of the time.

## Unit 7: The Roaring 20s

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Chapter 34, pp. 746-769

Chapter 35, pp. 771-793

### Identifications (AP 1 – 26, Honors 1 – 13)

1. A. Mitchell Palmer
2. Calvin Coolidge
3. Herbert Hoover
4. Louis Brandeis
5. Palmer Raids
6. Poll Tax
7. Prohibition
8. Red Scare
9. Sacco and Venzetti
10. Scopes-Monkey Trial
11. Teapot Dome Scandal
12. Volstead Act
13. Warren G. Harding
14. Charles Lindberg & *the Spirit of St. Louis*
15. Leopold and Loeb
16. F. Scott Fitzgerald
17. H.L. Mencken
18. Immigration Quota Act
19. Josiah Strong
20. Ku Klux Klan
21. McNary-Haugen Bill
22. Modernists
23. National Origins Act
24. Nativists
25. Roaring Twenties
26. Sinclair Lewis

### Questions

1. Discuss the reasons for Republican dominance in the White House during the 1920s.
2. Compare Hoover's and Roosevelt's response to the Great Depression.
3. Assess how the New Deal expanded the role of the presidency.
4. Explain the role of the Supreme Court in the New Deal.

## Unit 8: The Cold War & Modern American Politics (1945-Present)

### Readings from *The American Pageant*

Ch. 39, pp. 880-905

Ch. 40, pp. 908-927

Ch. 41, pp. 936-960

Ch. 42, pp. 964-988

Ch. 43, pp. 990—1020

### Identifications (AP 1 – 74, Honors 1 – 37)

1. *Brown v. Board of Education*
2. Warren E. Burger
3. George H. W. Bush
4. George W. Bush
5. *Bush v. Gore*
6. James Earl Carter, Jr.
7. William J. Clinton
8. Dixiecrats
9. Dwight D. Eisenhower
10. *Engel v. Vitale*
11. Geraldine Ferraro
12. Gerald Ford
13. *Gideon v. Wainwright*
14. *Griggs v. Duke Power Company*
15. *Griswald v. Connecticut*
16. Barry Goldwater
17. *Jencks v. US, Yates v. US*
18. Thurgood Marshall
19. *Milliken v. Bradley*
20. *Miranda v. Arizona*
21. Richard M. Nixon
22. New Federalism
23. *New York Times v. Sullivan*
24. Sandra Day O'Connor
25. *Sweatt v. Painter*
26. Ronald Reagan
27. *Roe v. Wade*
28. Kenneth Starr & The Starr Report
29. Clarence Thomas & Anita Hill
30. Strom Thurmond
31. Harry S Truman
32. *School district of Abington Township v. Schempp*
33. *Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Education*
34. *Wards Cove Packing v. Antonia*
35. Earl Warren
36. Watergate
37. *Webster v. Reproductive Health Services*
38. Adlai E. Stevenson
39. Spiro Agnew
40. Alger Hiss
41. Baby Boom
42. Committee to Re-Elect the President
43. Communism
44. Containment
45. Détente
46. Eisenhower Doctrine
47. Election of 1960
48. Election of 2000
49. Equal Rights Amendment
50. Jerry Falwell & the Moral Majority
51. Newt Gingrich, *Contract With America*
52. Al Gore
53. Henry Wallace, Progressive Party
54. HUAC
55. Impeachment
56. Jesse Jackson, Rainbow Coalition
57. John Birch Society
58. Eugene McCarthy
59. Joseph McCarthy
60. McCarthyism
61. McCarran Internal Security Bill
62. Edwin Meese
63. The New Right
64. Old Time Revival Hour, PTL, & the 700 Club
65. PACs
66. H. Ross Perot
67. The Plumbers
68. Shuttle Diplomacy
69. Taft-Hartley Act
70. The Employment Act
71. The Rosenbergs
72. Saturday Night Massacre
73. White Water, Travelgate (White House Travel Office, Vince Foster)
74. Woodward, Bernstein, & Deep Throat

## Questions

1. Discuss the continuation of the growth of the role of the president.
2. Compare and contrast the domestic and foreign policies of presidents from Eisenhower to George W. Bush.
3. Explain the impact of the “activist” Supreme Court.
4. Assess the impact of Watergate on the American Political Process.
5. Discuss the idea of the “Reagan Revolution.”
6. What role have scandals played in shaping the office of the presidency?